

# SILAC-DMEM (K6R6) Kit

Catalog Number: SM202101

(Version 1.5)

## Description

SILAC (*Stable Isotope Labeling with Amino acids in Cell culture*) is a powerful quantitative proteomic method to identify and quantify the relative changes of protein abundance in complex protein samples by MS (mass spectrometry) [1]. This approach utilizes the *in-cell* metabolic incorporation of "heavy" <sup>13</sup>C- or/and <sup>15</sup>N-labeled amino acids (Lysine, Arginine, etc.) into proteins during cell culture, introducing the specific "MS tag" on proteins in comparison with the unlabeled counterpart, which enables the mass spectrometry (MS) to comprehensively identify, characterize, and quantify the proteins.

#### • Contents

| Name       | Cat. No. | Content | Item code | Size  | Quantity | Storage |
|------------|----------|---------|-----------|-------|----------|---------|
|            | SM202101 | K0R0    | SCD01     | 500mL | 1        | 4°C     |
| SILAC-DMEM |          | K6R6    | SD01      | 500mL | 1        | 4°C     |
| (K6R6) Kit |          | D-FBS   | DF-50     | 50mL  | 2        | -20°C   |

SILAC-DMEM (K6R6) Kit is designed to compare two groups of samples using SILAC approach. The formulation of <u>K6R6</u> is identical to that of <u>K0R0</u> except that <sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>-Lysine (K6) and <sup>13</sup>C<sub>6</sub>-Arginine (R6) replaced the Lysine (K0) and Arginine (R0). Because of their identity, <u>K0R0</u> is the ideal control medium for <u>K6R6</u>.

When two groups of cells were cultured in parallel, the additional **6 Dalton** of "MS tag" would be introduced to the <u>Lysine</u> and <u>Arginine</u> residues respectively on the proteins of cell cultured in <u>K6R6</u> medium compared to that of maintained in <u>K0R0</u> medium, and the "MS tag" is the key for protein relative quantitation by downstream mass spectrometry analysis.

#### Usage & Application

- Before use, add 10% (v/v) of D-FBS (DF-50) into KOR0 and K6R6 media to prepare SILAC-complete media.
- 2. Use <u>K0R0</u> and <u>K6R6</u> complete media to culture cells over four to six passages in



parallel.

- Cryopreservation of KORO- and K6R6-labeled cells using the corresponding SILAC-complete media with the standard protocol for long-term use.
- Use <u>Co-IP/Pull-down In-solution Trypsin Digestion (ISD) Kit</u> (Imultiomics, <u>#MG04)</u> to prepare K0R0- and K6R6-labeled peptides for MS check of SILAC labeling efficiency.
- 5. For primary cells and cell lines sensitive to dialyzed FBS, SILAC method is not recommended.

| Problem          |                      | Cause                    |                       | Solution |                         |  |
|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------|-------------------------|--|
| $\triangleright$ | Cells grew poorly or | Probably due to dialyzed |                       | 1.       | Change cell lines       |  |
|                  | changed in           | FBS. Dialyzed FBS        |                       |          | insensitive to dialyzed |  |
|                  | morphology.          | lacl                     | ks some small         |          | FBS.                    |  |
|                  |                      | molecules important for  |                       | 2.       | Increase the dialyzed   |  |
|                  |                      | cell growth.             |                       |          | FBS up to 15-20%.       |  |
|                  |                      |                          |                       | 3.       | Try and test the        |  |
|                  |                      |                          |                       |          | dialyzed FBS from       |  |
|                  |                      |                          |                       |          | other vendors.          |  |
| $\succ$          | Incomplete SILAC     | 1.                       | Labeling passages     | 1.       | Increase labeling       |  |
|                  | labeling             |                          | were insufficient.    |          | passages.               |  |
|                  |                      | 2.                       | Cells were            | 2.       | Change cell lines.      |  |
|                  |                      |                          | contaminated during   |          |                         |  |
|                  |                      |                          | the labeling process. |          |                         |  |
|                  |                      | 3.                       | In rare occasion,     |          |                         |  |
|                  |                      |                          | Arginine was          |          |                         |  |
|                  |                      |                          | converted to          |          |                         |  |
|                  |                      |                          | Proline.              |          |                         |  |

### • Troubleshooting

#### References

 Ong SE, Blagoev B, Kratchmarova I, Kristensen DB, Steen H, Pandey A, Mann M: Stable isotope labeling by amino acids in cell culture, SILAC, as a simple and accurate approach to expression proteomics. *Mol Cell Proteomics* 2002, 1(5):376-386.